

PORTUGUÊS

TEXTO I

O disco amarelo iluminou-se. Dois dos automóveis da frente aceleraram antes que o sinal vermelho aparecesse. Na passarela de peões surgiu o desenho do homem verde. A gente que esperava começou a atravessar a rua pisando as faixas brancas pintadas na capa negra do asfalto, não há nada que menos se pareça com uma zebra, porém assim lhe chamam. Os automobilistas, impacientes, com o pé no pedal da embreagem, mantinham em tensão os carros, avançando, recuando, como cavalos nervosos que sentissem vir no ar a chibata. Os peões já acabaram de passar, mas o sinal de caminho livre para os carros vai tardar ainda alguns segundos, há quem sustente que esta demora, aparentemente tão insignificante, se a multiplicarmos pelos milhares de semáforos existentes na cidade e pelas mudanças sucessivas das três cores de cada um, é uma das causas mais consideráveis dos engorramentos da circulação automóvel, ou engarrafamentos, se quisermos usar o termo corrente.

O sinal verde acendeu-se enfim, bruscamente os carros arrancaram, mas logo se notou que não tinham arrancado todos por igual. O primeiro da fila do meio está parado, deve haver ali um problema mecânico qualquer, o acelerador solto, a alavanca da caixa de velocidades que se encravou, ou uma avaria do sistema hidráulico, blocagem dos travões, falhas do circuito elétrico, se é que não se acabou simplesmente a gasolina, não seria a primeira vez que se dava o caso. O novo ajuntamento de peões que está a formar-se nos passeios vê o condutor do automóvel imobilizado a esbracejar por trás do pára-brisas, enquanto os carros atrás dele buzina frenéticos. Alguns condutores já saltaram para a rua, dispostos a empurrar o automóvel empanado para onde não fique a estorvar o trânsito, batem furiosamente nos vidros fechados, o homem que está lá dentro vira a cabeça pra eles, a um lado, a outro, vê-se que grita qualquer coisa, pelos movimentos da boca percebe-se que repete uma palavra, uma não, duas, assim é realmente, consoante se vai ficar a saber quando alguém, enfim, conseguir abrir uma porta. Estou cego.

(Saramago, em Ensaio sobre a cegueira, Editora Companhia das Letras, 1995, págs. 11-12).

QUESTÃO 1

O texto é:

- a) Narrativo com argumentação convincente.
- b) Dissertativo com uso de palavras e expressões de cunho conotativo.
- c) Dissertativo-argumentativo com uso de palavras e expressões de cunho denotativo.
- d) É narrativo com aspectos descritivos.
- e) É meramente descritivo.

QUESTÃO 2

Entre as orações do segundo período do texto (linhas 1– 3) ocorre uma relação semântica de:

- a) Tempo
- b) Causa
- c) Condição
- d) Modo
- e) Consequência

QUESTÃO 3

Em “...mas logo se notou que não tinham arrancado todos por igual” (Linhas 21 – 22) O “que” :

- a) É conjunção integrante introduzindo uma oração subordinada substantiva subjetiva.
- b) É conjunção integrante introduzindo uma oração subordinada substantiva objetiva direta.
- c) É conjunção integrante introduzindo uma oração subordinada substantiva predicativa.
- d) É pronome relativo introduzindo uma oração subordinada adjetiva restritiva.
- e) É pronome relativo introduzindo uma oração subordinada adjetiva explicativa.

QUESTÃO 4

Observe o fragmento: “...deve haver ali um problema mecânico qualquer”. A flexão verbal está correta, assim como em:

- a) Devem haver pessoas intransigentes na sala.
- b) Devem haver problemas mecânicos quaisquer.
- c) Deve ocorrer reuniões extraordinárias naquela empresa.
- d) Devem ocorrer dificuldades durante o trajeto.
- e) Deve existir animais silvestres na Chapada.

QUESTÃO 5

Dele (linha 31) e Eles (linha 36) têm como referente textual respectivamente:

- a) O condutor do automóvel e alguns condutores.
- b) O ajuntamento de peões e os vidros fechados.
- c) Para-brisas e carros.
- d) O automóvel e os peões.
- e) Para-brisas e peões

QUESTÃO 6

Assinale a alternativa cujas palavras passaram pelo mesmo processo de formação:

- a) Engarrafamentos e corrente
- b) Passadeira, nervosos
- c) Simplesmente e automóvel
- d) Furiosamente e consoante
- e) Embreagem, semáforo

QUESTÃO 7

Deve-se empregar o acento indicador de crase na alternativa:

- a) Você já disse a sua amiga que lhe quero bem?
- b) Fui até a praça observar os transeuntes da cidade.
- c) Voltarei a casa logo que puder.
- d) Ficarei a longa distância do lugar fétido.
- e) Eu fiz referência aquele fato que testemunhei.

QUESTÃO 8

Observe as proposições:

- I – Informei-lhe de que era muito tarde para chorar.
- II – Avise-o de que o pai o espera.
- III – Preveni-lhe contra o ataque das abelhas.
- IV – Deus lhe perdoou a falta.

A regência está correta:

- a) Em I, II, III e IV
- b) Em I, II e III
- c) Em II, III e IV
- d) Em II e IV
- e) Em II apenas

QUESTÃO 9

No período: “ Os automobilistas, impacientes, com o pé no pedal da embreagem, mantinham em tensão os carros, avançando, recuando, como cavalos nervosos que sentissem vir no ar a chibata”.O fragmento destacado assinala a figura de linguagem:

- a) Metáfora
- b) Prosopopeia
- c) Comparação
- d) Hipérbole
- e) Metonímia

QUESTÃO 10

Observe os períodos e as ocorrências do “A” neles destacados:

I - “...há quem sustente que esta demora, aparentemente tão insignificante, se a multiplicarmos pelos milhares de semáforos existentes na cidade e pelas mudanças...”

II - “...Alguns condutores já saltaram para a rua, dispostos a empurrar o automóvel empanado para onde não fique a estorvar o trânsito...”

A respectiva classificação é:

- a) Pronome oblíquo átono, artigo definido, artigo definido.
- b) Artigo definido, artigo definido, artigo definido.
- c) Pronome oblíquo átono, pronome oblíquo átono, pronome oblíquo átono.
- d) Pronome oblíquo átono, preposição, preposição.
- e) Preposição, preposição, preposição.

CONHECIMENTOS GERAIS E ATUALIDADES

QUESTÃO 11

Segundo dados do IBGE (Censo Demográfico 2010), o município de Cedro (PE) possui uma população de 10.778 habitantes, distribuídos nos 171,64 km² do território municipal. Assim, é correto afirmar que a densidade demográfica do município de Cedro (PE) é de:

- a) 1.314,60 hab/km²
- b) 62,79 hab/km²
- c) 80 hab/km²
- d) 114,50 hab/km²
- e) 1.716,4 hab/km²

QUESTÃO 12

No dia 10 de julho de 2011 o Estatuto da Cidade (Lei 10.257/2001) completou 10 anos de vigência. O referido diploma legal, que regulamenta os artigos 182 e 183 da Constituição Federal de 1988, estabelece em seu artigo 41, inciso I, que o Plano Diretor é obrigatório para cidades:

- a) Com menos de 20 mil habitantes
- b) Com mais de 50 mil habitantes
- c) Com mais de 20 mil habitantes
- d) Com mais de 100 mil e menos de 500 mil habitantes
- e) Com população entre 10 mil e 100 mil habitantes

QUESTÃO 13

Pernambuco é o segundo maior estado da Região Nordeste em população (8.796.448 habitantes), atrás apenas do estado da Bahia (14.016.906 habitantes). Segundo dados do IBGE (Censo Demográfico 2010), 1.744.238 pernambucanos residem em comunidades classificadas como rurais. Com base nessas informações podemos afirmar que a taxa de urbanização do estado de Pernambuco é de:

- a) 80,17%
- b) 76,5%
- c) 84,0%
- d) 79,8%
- e) 55,6%

QUESTÃO 14

Em 2000, a Organização das Nações Unidas (ONU), ao analisar os maiores problemas mundiais, estabeleceu 8 Objetivos do Milênio (ODM), que no Brasil são chamados de 8 Jeitos de Mudar o Mundo.



O gráfico acima apresenta a proporção de moradores do município do Cedro (PE) que se encontravam abaixo da linha da pobreza e indigência em 2010. São considerados abaixo da linha da pobreza os que possuem rendimento per capita menor que 1/2 salário mínimo. No caso da indigência, este valor será inferior a 1/4 de salário mínimo.

Os dados anteriores fazem parte dos indicadores que medem o desempenho dos municípios quanto aos Objetivos de Desenvolvimento do Milênio e referem-se a qual dos objetivos apresentados a seguir?

- a) Educação Básica de qualidade para todos.
- b) Qualidade de vida e respeito ao meio ambiente.
- c) Igualdade entre sexos e valorização da mulher.
- d) Melhorar a saúde das gestantes.
- e) Acabar com a fome e a miséria.

QUESTÃO 15

No dia 7 de junho de 2011, o então Ministro da Casa Civil, Antônio Palocci, pediu demissão do cargo que ocupava no governo, após acusações de que teria multiplicado por 20 o seu patrimônio em quatro anos. Indique a alternativa na qual consta quem ocupou o Ministério da Casa Civil da Presidência da República após a saída do ex- ministro Antônio Palocci.

- a) Celso Amorim
- b) Gleisi Hoffmann
- c) Ideli Salvatti
- d) Carlos Lupi
- e) Ana Arraes

CONHECIMENTOS ESPECÍFICOS

QUESTÃO 16

Match only one alternative from the questions below.

Mark the alternative that completes the paragraph below using the correct form of the possessive pronouns.

Cynthia was traveling with _____ parents to Hawaii. She arrived in a sunny afternoon. Her parents were very excited because they were traveling for the first time with _____ lovely daughter. His father, Daniel, brought _____ diving equipment. He wanted to go scuba diving the next day. Suddenly, _____ wife, Sonia, couldn't find _____ purse and asked him: "Honey, where is _____ purse? I can't find it anywhere". It was inside Daniel's briefcase. After that, they went to _____ room, took a bath and went to restaurant to have crabs as dinner that night. They had a lot of fun in that travel.

- a) Their – her – his – his – her – my – their
- b) Their – their – his – her – his – their
- c) Her – their – his – his – her – my – their
- d) Their – her – his – her – my – her – their
- e) Her – their – his – her – my – her – their

QUESTÃO 17

Read the paragraph and choose the right alternative using the definite and indefinite articles in the appropriate form.

There are three candidates waiting for the job interview, _____ elderly woman, _____ young man and _____ young guy. _____ elderly woman is very well dressed, because he is wearing _____ new suit. The young man is _____ bit scruffy, smoking _____ cigar. _____ young guy is also well-dressed, but he looks too nervous. When taking _____ test, enter _____ examination room as early as possible and they find _____ quiet seat away from any window. Start _____ test from _____ easiest question and don't leave _____ room before they have reviewed all _____ questions.

- a) An – a – a – the – a – a – a – the – the – the – a – the – the – the – the
- b) An – a – a – a – the – a – a – a – the – the – a – the – the – the – the
- c) An – a – a – the – the – a – a – the – the – a – the – the – the – a – the
- d) A – a – a – the – a – a – a – the – a – the – a – the – the – the – the
- e) An – the – the – a – a – a – the – the – the – a – the – the – the – the – the

QUESTÃO 18

Read the following sentences.

- 1 – The clothes that I like best are blouses.
 - 2 – I really appreciate some of decisions that you do.
 - 3 – The laws by which we abide keep communities together.
 - 4 – Susan is someone who I can trust.
 - 5 – The policeman, who we were talking, is our father.
- Choose the alternative that the relative pronoun can be omitted.

- a) 1 – 2 – 5
- b) 2 – 3 – 5
- c) 1 – 2 – 4
- d) 1 – 2 – 4 – 5
- e) 1 – 3 – 4 – 5

QUESTÃO 19

Read the dialog and choose the sentence that completes the conversation using the correct indefinite and interrogative pronouns.

“Did you enjoy the pray?”

“Actually, I didn’t like it very _____.”

“_____ was the problem with it?”

“The scrip was fine, but the actors were so amateur”

- a) Much – When
- b) Much – What
- c) Few – What
- d) Little – How
- e) Many – Where

QUESTÃO 20

Choose the right alternative that completes the text considering the correct using of the verbs in the past progressive, present perfect, past tense and past perfect.

A very weird thing _____ to me and my family some time ago. We _____ on a highway driving at night, when our car _____ down. It _____ too dark and we decided to stay inside the car until the next day. We start sleeping and some time later a man and a woman _____ us and invited us to go to their house. They said that their house was situated in a beautiful valley. They also told us that their house was very comfortable and there were space enough to us. We were afraid at the beginning but then we _____ that those people had nice faces and we all decided to accept their invitation. We _____ to a large house and afterwards the couple _____ some coffee. We were really tired and immediately went to bed. The next day when everybody woke up, we couldn’t find the man and the woman who offered us help. We _____ on the floor of a house with no furniture or appliances. We were too scared about that situation and quickly went to the next road. We could not believe, but a nearby river _____ over and washed our car. If we _____ inside it, probably we must be killed. We went down to village and when we _____ about the strange man and woman, people told us that old peasants _____ in that house many years before and after their death, no one had lived there.

- a) happened – drove – broke – had been – woke – felt – made – lay – walked – flooded – stayed – asked – lived

- b) happened – driving – was breaking – was – was walking – was feeling – was making – lay – had walked – had flooded – have stayed – had asked – was living
- c) was happening – drove – had broken – were – have waken – felt -was making – laid – have walked – had flooded – had stayed – had asked – have lived
- d) had happened – were driving – broke – was – woke – felt – went – made – were walking – had flooded – had stayed – asked – had lived
- e) happened – were driving – had broke – was – woke – had felt – had gone – mad made – was walking – had flooded – had stayed – asked - lived

QUESTÃO 21

Mark the correct alternative that completes these statements.

1. Lucien has studied biology _____ this morning.
 2. Alex, have you _____ ridden a camel?
 3. Mom, I have _____ finished all my homework.
 4. My daughter Sarah hasn’t prepared lunch _____.
 5. Mr. Simpson has waited for this meeting _____ a long time.
- a) for – ever – already – yet – yet
 - b) since – already – ever – yet – for
 - c) since – ever – already – yet – for
 - d) for – ever – already – for – yet
 - e) since – ever – already – yet – just

QUESTÃO 22

Mark the incorrect sentence (s) according to the superlative.

1. Rio de Janeiro is the most exciting city I’ve ever visited.
 2. Definitely, Monday is the badest day of the week.
 3. In my opinion, Madonna is the famouser celebrity in showbiz.
 4. My sister is the strongest girl in her group.
 5. Everyone knows that computers are the most efficient machines in the world.
 6. We are enjoying the better days of our lives.
- a) 2 – 3 – 6
 - b) only 2
 - c) 1 – 2 – 3
 - d) 2 – 3 – 4- 6
 - e) 2 – 3

QUESTÃO 23

Choose the alternative that best completes the following dialog.

(Ryan, who is Jessica's sister, comes to visit her after school. Ryan sometimes does all his cousin's wishes, but he asks for permission first)

Jessica – Ryan, _____ to see you! Come here!

Ryan – Thanks! I'm hungry. _____ I eat something?

Jessica - _____! There are some apples on the table.

Ryan – Cool! Thanks a lot! Tell me, what time _____?

Jessica – It's a quarter _____ seven.

Ryan – Oh, honey, really? I _____ to wake up Helen. _____ I use the telephone?

Jessica – Of course you _____ do it, my favorite cousin.

- a) pleasure – might – ask – please – past – can – must – can
- b) nice – can – of course – is it – after – have to – can – can
- c) good – may – sure – it's – past – need to – can – can
- d) pleasure – can – sure – is it – have – to – may – may
- e) nice – can – for sure – is it – half – need to – can – can

QUESTÃO 24

Mark the alternative which contains only irregular verbs.

- a) read – see – get – know – have – stay
- b) break – wait – show – speak – run – can
- c) know – speak – read – lie – feel – try
- d) be – spend – buy – understand – cry – see
- e) bring – eat – run – spend – cut – stand

QUESTÃO 25

Read the lyrics below and choose the alternative that best complete the spaces using the correct pronoun.

_____ ask _____ if there'll come a time

When _____ grow tired of _____

Never my love

Never my love

You wonder if this heart of _____

Will lose _____ desire for _____

Never my love

Never my love

What makes _____ think love will end

When you know that _____ whole life depends on _____

Never my love

Never my love

_____ say _____ fear _____ 'll change _____ mind

And _____ won't require _____

Never my love

Never my love

How can _____ think love will end

When _____ 've asked you to spend _____ whole life

With _____

- a) you – me – I – you – mine – its – you – you – my – you – you – you – I – my – I – you – you – I – your – me
- b) you – I – me – you – mine – it – you – you – mine – you – you – you – me – my – I – you – you – I – your – me
- c) you – me – I – you – my – its – you – you – my – you – you – you – I – mine – I – you – you – I – your – me
- d) you – me – she – mine – its – you – you – my – you – you – you – I – my – I – I – you – yours – I
- e) you – me – I – you – mine – it – you – you – mine – you – you – you – I – my – I – I – you – yours – I

QUESTÃO 26

Choose the only alternative where the preposition is wrongly used.

- a) Martha comes to Brazil in September.
- b) My boyfriend's birthday is On October 26.
- c) Ms. Duncan lives in 239, Boulevard Avenue.
- d) I will spend my next vacation in Venice.
- e) Julia, don't' forget, your next text will be on Friday!

QUESTÃO 27

Check the alternative that best complete the statements below.

1. Sally _____ the most delicious food in São Paulo.
2. Next week, after school, I _____ talk to them.
3. While you _____ your bedroom, I cooked dinner.
4. Would you _____ to go to the movies with me?
5. We _____ to buy a new car.
6. I really _____ to live in Mexico because it _____ a lot there.
7. – Are you _____ Mr. Tanaka?
– Yes, we are.
– I’m sorry to inform, but he _____.
8. Look, that guy _____ one of your books.

- a) makes – want – cleaned – love – need – don’t like – rains – waiting for – just left – is taking
 b) make – was talking – were cleaning – like – need – don’t like – rain – waiting for – left – is taking
 c) makes – will talk – were cleaning – like – need – don’t want – rain – waiting for – has left – was taking
 d) makes – will talk – were cleaning – like – need – don’t want – rains – waiting for – has left – is taking
 e) makes – will talk – were cleaning – like – need – don’t want – rain – waiting – has left – is taking

QUESTÃO 28

Mark the alternative(s) where the modal verb should means a deduction.

1. Mr. Robinson, you should take these vitamins three times a day.
 2. Students should mark only one alternative in the test.
 3. Everybody is in the classroom. The teacher should have arrived.
 4. Look at that guy! He should be my boss.
 5. You should study a lot in order to pass in the medicine exam.
- a) 3 and 4
 b) 1 and 5
 c) 3 and 5
 d) 2 and 4
 e) 1 and 2

QUESTÃO 29

The only alternative where the genitive case is corrected used is the:

1. The Beatles song’s are listened all over the world.
 2. The car of Maria’s and Anthony’s need to be fixed today.
 3. Charlie gave Julia a red’s bike.
 4. My father shoe shop’s is burning.
 5. The Presidents’ wives are drinking tea in the garden.
- a) 1
 b) 2
 c) 3
 d) 4
 e) 5

QUESTÃO 30

Choose the alternative that completes the tag questions below.

1. The doctor didn’t give you any medicine, _____?
2. Mr. Smith explains the lesson very well, _____?
3. The Browns won’t buy this ugly house, _____?
4. My Television is great, _____?
5. I am the first person to say the truth to you, _____?
6. Kate can’t eat all this food, _____?
7. Joshua and Marie should go home now, _____?
8. Eat you food, _____?
9. The dogs ate yesterday, _____?
10. Good musicians make great songs, _____?

- a) did he – doesn’t he – will they – is it – am I – can she – shouldn’t they – will you – did they – don’t they
 b) did he – doesn’t he – will they – isn’t it – aren’t I – can she – shouldn’t they – won’t you – didn’t they – didn’t they
 c) did he – doesn’t he – will they – is it – aren’t I – can she – shouldn’t they – will you – didn’t they – don’t they
 d) did he – doesn’t he – will they – is it – aren’t I – can she – shouldn’t they – do you – didn’t they – don’t they
 e) did he – doesn’t she – will they – is it – are not I – isn’t it – can she – will you – didn’t they – don’t they

QUESTÃO 31

Susana is a candidate for a position in a store in Vienna, Austria. Read the application letter and choose the correct answer to fill in the gaps.

Dear Sir or Madam,

I _____ writing this letter in order to response to the classified add published in a web site last week. I am very interested in _____ job as a cashier and I hope you select me for the position.

My name is Susana Myers. I am originally from Vienna in _____. I _____ in England, but my parents _____ in Austria. _____ want me to stay _____ in Vienna for two or three _____ and the job at Well Dressed store is _____ opportunity for me.

I am _____, punctual and skillful. I _____ English, Dutch and French fluently. I have working experience as a saleswoman, secretary and _____. _____ one problem. I am _____ now my school year and I need to stay at the end of May. _____ you need the cashier immediately?

I look forward for your reply. If you _____, send an e-mail registration to: susanam@mail.com.

Susana Myers.

- a) is – the – France – take – live – she – on – after – an – hardworking – listen – behavior – have – finishing – are wishes
- b) am – the – Austria – live – are – they – them – years – perfect – hardworking – speak – cashier – there's – finishing – do – wish
- c) am – an – Netherlands – lives – at – after – the – world – disease – exist – finish – aren't – wishes
- d) are – the – Germany – live – are – they – they – years – ideal – hard – speaks – cashier – there is – finishing – do – wish
- e) am – an – Austria – live – are – they – them – years – nice – strong – speak – cashier – there are – finishing – do – wish

QUESTÃO 32

In which sentences below the passive voice is correctly written?

- Those women were advised by their doctors to jog.
 - Little equipment is need for work out.
 - Special colorful clothes was bought by some girls.
 - Long distances are ran every week.
 - Sneakers are worn by many sportsmen.
 - Different sports were practicing by the athletes.
 - Stretch is considered a popular form of exercise.
- a) 1, 4 and 6
b) 2, 3 and 4
c) 1, 6 and 7
d) 4, 5 and 7
e) 1, 4 and 7

QUESTÃO 33

The sentence "If you eat fruits that contain vitamin C, you will feel healthier" in the second conditional will be:

- If you had eaten fruits that contain vitamin C, you won't feel much healthier.
- If you ate fruits that contain vitamin C, you won't feel much healthier.
- If you have eaten fruit that contain vitamin C, you would have fallen much healthier.
- If you ate fruits that contain vitamin C, you would feel much healthier.
- If you eat fruits that contain vitamin C, you have feel much healthier.

QUESTÃO 34

Mark the correct alternative to fill the gaps of the dialogue below:

At the supermarket

Woman – Do we need _____ lettuce?

Man – Yes, we do. We haven't got _____ lettuce. We also need _____ oranges, don't we?

Woman – No, we don't. We have got _____ oranges. But we have _____ potatoes and _____ yoghurt. Let's get some.

- some – much – any – few – many – little
- much – any – many – too much – few – few
- few – some – little – many – little – little
- any – much – some – many – few – little
- few – many – few – no – much – many

QUESTÃO 35

Choose the alternative where contains a reflexive pronoun.

- a) Michael cut himself with a knife while preparing dinner.
- b) Let's call Maria to the party, everyone likes her.
- c) My parents are washing their new house.
- d) I love to stay with people that respect the opinion of others.
- e) This is your book, Jennifer. It is yours.

CONHECIMENTOS PEDAGÓGICOS

QUESTÃO 36

Um dos princípios do Projeto Político Pedagógico consiste na valorização dos seus profissionais e nas características organizacionais que favorecem o sucesso da escola que são elas:

- a) Autonomia da escola, gestão democrática, articulação curricular, participação dos pais, otimização do tempo.
- b) Articulação social, equipamento e boa estrutura física.
- c) Cumprimento do regimento escolar, merenda escolar de boa qualidade.
- d) Currículo escolar significativo, centralização das ações administrativas.
- e) Avaliação global, dinamismo da equipe de trabalho.

QUESTÃO 37

A Lei de Diretrizes e Bases da Educação Nacional (nº 9.394/96) estabelece:

- a) Que o processo de ensino aprendizagem seja conduzido com competência e exclusividade do professor.
- b) As finalidades, as intenções e os objetivos da educação brasileira.
- c) Que a autonomia da escola é aquela emanada pelo poder executivo.
- d) Que o processo democrático escolar ocorre apenas no seu interior.
- e) Que a escola não é vista como centro de atenção das políticas educacionais.

QUESTÃO 38

O planejamento pedagógico é imprescindível para o sucesso cognitivo do aluno e êxito no desenvolvimento do trabalho do professor, com base nesses pressupostos, o planejamento requer:

- a) Integralidade técnica.
- b) Individualidade do professor.
- c) Efetivação sistematizada e contextualização com o cotidiano do aluno.
- d) Especificamente que se cumpra a tarefa da aula do dia.
- e) Passividade do aluno.

QUESTÃO 39

A escola é uma instituição social com objetivo explícito: O desenvolvimento das potencialidades físicas, cognitivas e afetivas dos alunos, por meio de:

- a) Aprendizagem dos conteúdos (conhecimentos, habilidades, procedimentos, atitudes).
- b) Ações interativas vivenciadas basicamente com os professores.
- c) Atividades que visem somente a convivência na cultura local.
- d) Posturas fundamentadas nas teorias mais tradicionalistas impondo logicamente a autoridade do professor.
- e) Por meio do compromisso da equipe escolar.

QUESTÃO 40

Partindo da necessidade que, o projeto pedagógico deve ser avaliado permanentemente, por tratar-se de um elemento importante na identificação da escola, o mesmo contempla várias dimensões que, são:

- a) Administrativa e técnica
- b) Técnica e financeira
- c) Social e administrativa
- d) Jurídica e financeira
- e) Pedagógica, administrativa, financeira e jurídica

Assinatura do Candidato